## Advanced Algebra

## Arithmetic Sequences

## Assignment \#2

Remember: The nth term of an arithmetic sequence with first term $U_{1}$ and common difference $d$ is given by the formula $U_{n}=U_{1}+(n-1) d$

Solve the following. Assume each sequence is an arithmetic sequence.

1) Find the $19^{\text {th }}$ term in the sequence for which $U_{1}=11$ and $d=-2$
2) Find the $16^{\text {th }}$ term in the sequence for which $u_{1}=1.5$ and $d=.5$
3) Find $n$ for the sequence for which $u_{n}=37 \quad u_{1}=-13$ and $d=5$
4) Find $n$ for the sequence for which $u_{n}=633 u_{1}=9$ and $d=24$
5) Find the first term in the sequence for which $d=-2$ and $U_{7}=3$
6) Find the first term in the sequence for which $d=\frac{2}{3}$ and $u_{8}=15$
7) Find $d$ for the sequence for which $U_{1}=4$ and $u_{11}=64$
8) Find d for the sequence for which $U_{1=}-6$ and $u_{29}=20$
9) Find the $43^{\text {rd }}$ term in the sequence $-19,-15,-11, \ldots$
10)Find the $58^{\text {th }}$ term in the sequence $10,4,-2, \ldots$
