Advanced Algebra

Arithmetic Sequences

Assignment #2

Remember: The nth term of an arithmetic sequence with first term U_1 and common difference d is given by the formula $U_n = U_1 + (n-1)d$

Solve the following. Assume each sequence is an arithmetic sequence.

- 1) Find the 19^{th} term in the sequence for which U₁=11 and d=-2
- 2) Find the 16^{th} term in the sequence for which $u_1=1.5$ and d=.5
- 3) Find n for the sequence for which $u_n=37$ $u_1=-13$ and d=5
- 4) Find n for the sequence for which $u_n = 633 u_1 = 9$ and d = 24
- 5) Find the first term in the sequence for which d=-2 and $U_7 = 3$
- 6) Find the first term in the sequence for which $d = \frac{2}{3}$ and $u_8 = 15$
- 7) Find d for the sequence for which $U_1 = 4$ and $u_{11} = 64$
- 8) Find d for the sequence for which $U_{1=}$ -6 and u_{29} = 20
- 9) Find the 43rd term in the sequence -19,-15,-11,...

10)Find the 58th term in the sequence 10,4,-2,...